

Indoor Playspace – Ball Pits

Ball pits in public indoor playspaces have the potential to spread disease or cause an injury to a patron, especially when good maintenance practices are not followed. The following is a list of recommended maintenance practices to keep ball pits a safe and healthy playspace for children:

- 1. Restrict ball pit depth to a maximum of 450 millimeters in a toddler's area and 600 millimeters in an older child's area to minimize the danger of concealing children.
- 2. Ensure the balls are a minimum of 70 millimeters in diameter to prevent choking.
- 3. Ensure ball pits are made out of materials that are easily cleanable.
- 4. In the event of a fecal, urine, or vomit accident, evacuate and close the ball pit immediately and proceed with cleaning and disinfection.
- 5. Ensure proper cleaning and disinfection of the ball pit, either with the use of a ball cleaning machine in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, or by following these steps:
 - a. Remove all balls from the pit and place in net bags.
 - b. Wash in warm soapy water, then rinse.
 - c. Soak in a solution of disinfectant, following chemical manufacturer's instructions for sufficient time and concentration.
 - d. Drain and allow the balls to fully air dry.
 - e. Clean and disinfect the base and sides of the ball pit, and let dry.
 - f. Inspect the balls for sanitation and damage before replacing in the ball pit.
- 6. Carry out routine cleaning and disinfection as often as necessary to maintain good sanitation. Always close the ball pit first before carrying out routine maintenance.

This handout was adapted from: The Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents. Cleaning of balls, ball pools and indoor play areas. Retrieved February 21, 2017 from http://www.rospa.com/play-safety/advice/ball-pool-cleaning/

For more information, please contact your nearest Environmental Public Health office.